

Witt vectors

A - Comm. ring

$W(A)$ - a Comm. ring

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$\{(a_0, a_1, \dots), a_j \in A\}$

$W(A) \rightarrow A^\infty$

prod of rings A

$gh(a_0, a_1, \dots) = (w_0(a_0), w_1(a_0, a_1), \dots)$

$w_n(a_0, \dots, a_n) = a_0^{p^n} + p a_1^{p^{n-1}} + \dots + p^n a_n$

a morphism of rings

$V: W(A) \rightarrow W(A)$ - of ab grps

$F: W(A) \rightarrow W(A)$ - of rings

$(a_0, a_1, \dots) \mapsto (0, a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots)$
 $\downarrow$
 $\dots$

$$V, F: W(A) \rightarrow W(A) \quad (x_0, x_1, x_2, -) \mapsto (0, p x_0, p x_1, p x_2, -)$$

$$V: (a_0, a_1, -) \mapsto (0, a_0, a_1, -) \rightarrow \text{of ab grps}$$

$$F: (w_0, w_1, w_2, -) \mapsto (w_1, w_2, w_3, -)$$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1) \text{ morphism of } A^\infty \rightarrow A^\infty \\ 2) \text{ and well-defined} \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \text{morphism of rings } W(A) \rightarrow W(A)$

The same argument as for $x, +$. (later)
 V at ghost level: $w_0 = 0$ $w_1 = 0^p + p a_0 = p a_0$ $w_2 = 0^2 + p a_0^p + p a_1^2$
 $= p w_1(a_0, a_1) = p(a_0^p + p a_1)$

Constructing Frobenius:

$$F(a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots) = (c_0, c_1, c_2, \dots)$$

$$c_0 = a_0^p + p a_1$$

$$c_0^p + p c_1 = a_0^{p^2} + p a_1^p + p^2 a_2$$

$$(a_0^p + p a_1)^p + p c_1 = a_0^{p^2} + p a_1^p + p^2 a_2$$

$$\cancel{a_0^{p^2}} + p^2 \dots + \underbrace{p c_1}_{p a_1^p + p^2 a_2} = \cancel{a_0^{p^2}} + \underbrace{p a_1^p}_{p a_1^p} + p^2 a_2$$

$$p c_1 = p a_1^p + p^2 \dots$$

Existence
automatic from
Dwork's lemma.

$$W(A); \quad (a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3, \dots) \mapsto p \cdot (a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots) = (c_0, c_1, c_2, \dots)$$

$$(x_0, x_1, x_2, \dots) \mapsto (px_0, px_1, px_2, \dots)$$

$$\boxed{p=0 \text{ in } A}$$

$$c_0 = 0 + p \dots$$

✓

$$pc_0 = p(a_0^p + pa_1) - (pa_0)^p$$

$$= pa_0^p + p^2 \dots$$

$$c_1 = a_0^p + p \dots$$

$$c_0 = pa_0$$

$$c_0^p + pc_1 = p(a_0^p + pa_1)$$

$$c_0^{p^2} + pc_1^p + p^2c_2 = p(a_0^{p^2} + pa_1 + p^2a_2)$$

$$(0, a_0^p, a_1^p, a_2^p, \dots)$$

$$\boxed{c_n = a_{n-1}^p + p \dots}$$

← easy by induction

$$\forall F = p = FV \text{ if } A/F_p$$

Teichmüller representatives. $W(A)$ is complete in top.:
 $(0, 0, \dots, 0, a_{n+1}, a_{n+2}, \dots)$

$$a \in A$$

$$[a] := (a, 0, 0, \dots, 0, \dots)$$

$$\boxed{[a][b] = [ab]}$$

in $W(A)$

$$\begin{matrix} \text{ghost} \\ \swarrow \\ (a, a^p, a^{p^2}, a^{p^3}, \dots) \end{matrix}$$

$$W(\mathbb{Q}) \cong \mathbb{Q}^\infty$$

$$a = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \cancel{v^n}([a_n])$$

$$a = (a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots)$$

check:

$$[a_0] + v([a_1]) + v^2([a_2]) + \dots$$

$$(a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n, \dots)$$

$$(a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots) = [a_0] + v[a_1] + v^2[a_2] + \dots$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow gh \\ (a_0, a_0^p, a_0^{p^2}, a_0^{p^3}, \dots) = gh([a_0]) \end{array}$$

$$+ (0, pa_1, pa_1^p, pa_1^{p^2}, \dots) = gh(v[a_1])$$

$$+ (0, 0, p^2 a_2, \dots) = gh(v^2[a_2])$$

$$gh(a) = (a_0, a_0^p + pa_1, a_0^{p^2} + pa_1^p + p^2 a_2, \dots)$$

$$[a][b] = [ab]$$

$$a = \sum v^n (a_n)$$

$VF = p$ if A/F_p

$FV = p$ always

$$W(Q) = \prod_{n=0}^{\infty} Q$$

(the ghost map is an ~~isom~~ onto
for Q -algebras)

(resolve at every step

$$x_n = \underline{\text{know}} + \textcolor{red}{p}^n a_n$$

Big with vectors. $w_{\text{big}}(A)$

$$\sum_{k=0}^n p^k a_{p^k}^{p^{n-k}}$$

~~p^n~~

$$w_n((a_j)_{j \in S}) = \sum_{d|n} d a_d^{n/d}$$

Or rather: start with $S \subset \mathbb{N}$

$$n \in S, d|n \Rightarrow d \in S$$

$$S = \{1, p, p^2, p^3, \dots\}$$

$$S = \mathbb{N}$$

$$(a_1, a_p, a_{p^2}, a_{p^3}, \dots) = \text{formerly } (a_0, a_1, a_2, \dots)$$

$$(a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_5, \dots)$$

Same as before: $\exists$ $+$, $\times$ law

$$\mathbb{Z}[c_{j \in S}] \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}[a_{j \in S}] \otimes \mathbb{Z}[b_{j \in S}]$$

s.t.

$$(a_j)_1 \mapsto (w_n(a_1, \dots) |_{n \in S}) \in A^S$$

is a ring morphism.

Same proof as above; Dwork lemma.

Case $S = \mathbb{N}$: explicit construction of $\times$, $+$.